Exam So	eat No:		
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Course Name :BBA&MAM Sem-I

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C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

WADHWAN CITY

University (Winter) Examination -2013 Subject Name: -Business Mathematics

Duration :- 2:30 Hours Date : 09/12/2013

Instructions:-

- (1) Attempt all Questions of both sections in same answer book / Supplementary.
- (2) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (3) Instructions written on main answer Book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (4)Draw neat diagrams & figures (If necessary) at right places.
- (5) Assume suitable & Perfect data if needed.

SECTION I

Q.1 Attempt the Following:

- a) If $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x-1$, find out f(1).
- b) Give the formula for $\sum x^2 = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + \dots + n^2$.
- c) Give the formulae of finding the nth term in Arithmetic and Geometric Progression.
- d) F:N->N, f(x)=5x-2, $x \in \{1,2,3,4\}$, find the range of f.
- e) Find $\lim_{x\to a} \frac{x^n-a^n}{x-a}$ where $n\in Q$
- f) Find $\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{x-a}{x-2}$ where $x \in \mathbb{R} \{2\}$
- g) F: A->B, f(x)=2x-3 & $R_f=\{-3,1,0\}$, Find the domain A of the function f.

Q.2 Attempt the following.

- a) If $f(x) = x^3 2x + 1/x$, prove that f(x) + f(-x) = 0.
- b) Find $\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x^2+x-6}{x^2-4}$ 5
- c) The 6th term of an Arithmetic Progression is 121, find the sum of its first 11 terms.

OR

Q.2 Attempt the following.

- a) Find $\lim_{x \to -7} \frac{x^2 + 11x + 28}{x^2 + 5x 14}$ 5
- b) If the demand function is $d=f(p)=400-2p^2$, find the demand when p=6.
- c) Find five numbers in Geometric Progression whose product is 32 & the product of the last two numbers is 108.

Q.3 Attempt the following

- a) A Book publishers finds that the production cost of each book is Rs. 40 & the fixed cost is Rs. 18,000. If each book can be sold for Rs. 60, then determine
 - 1. The cost function.
 - 2. The revenue function.
 - 3. The break-even point.
- b) If $f(x)=x^2+5$, find out $\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{f(h+3)-f(3)}{h}$ OR

Q.3 Attempt the following

- a) A shopkeeper earns Rs. 500 in first week, Rs.700 in second week and Rs.900 7 in third week. On plotting the points (1,500), (2,700) and (3,900) the shopkeeper feels that a quadratic function may fit the data. Find the quadratic function that fits the data. Also estimate the earnings of fourth week.
- b) Find out $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1+2+3+...+n}{(n+3)(n+4)}$ 7

SECTION II

Q.4	Attem	Attempt the Following:			
	a)	$^{-19}C_{x+2} = ^{19}C_{2x-1}$, find x.	1		
	b)	Evaluate (9.9) ⁵	1		
	c)	$^{2x}C_3 = {}^{x}P_4$, find x.	1		
		Expand $(a+2b)^5$	1		
		$_{n}P_{3}=210$, find n	1		
	f)	Give the formulae of finding the sum of first n terms in Arithmetic and Geometric Progression.	1		
	g)	The 6^{th} term of an Arithmetic Progression exceeds its 3^{rd} term by 21, & its first term is 12. Find out its 20^{th} term.	1		
Q.5	Attem	pt the following.			
		For positive integral values of n prove that: $1+3+5+7++(2n-1)=n^2$	5		
		Find the sum of the series 1-3+5+7-9+11+13-15+17+upto 3n terms.	5		
		In how many ways 4 Gujaratis, 2 Punjabis & 1 Madrasi can be selected out			
	,	of 8 Gujaratis, 4 Punjabis and 3 Madrasis.	4		
		OR			
Q.5	Attempt the following.				
	a)	Obtain the middle term in the expansion of $(a/x - x/a)^{10}$	5		
	b)	Find k if $8P_5 = 7P_5 + k*7P_4$.	5		
	c)	If $3nP_3 = (2n+1)P_3$, find n.	4		
Q.6	Attem	pt the following			
	a)	An urn contains 5 red, 3 green & 2 white balls. In how many ways 3 balls	7		
		can be drawn from it such that			
		1. One ball of each color is included			
		2. Two balls of the same color and 1 ball of different color are			
		included			
		3. Three balls of same color are included.			
	b)	The sum of three numbers in arithmetic progression is 30. If 2, 4&3 are	7		
		deducted from them respectively the resulting numbers form a geometric			
		progression. Find the numbers.			
		OR			
Q.6		pt the following			
	a)	A man borrows Rs.9000 from his friend & promises him to repay the same in	7		
		30 installments. If each installment is Rs 20 more than its previous one, find			
		the first and the last installment.			
	b)	Find the sum of n terms			
		$4*1^2+7*3^2+10*5^2+13*7^2+\dots$	7		

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